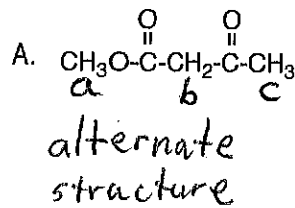


MAD ORG. CHEM. MIN. # 6

LAST NAME _____ FIRST NAME _____

PS # _____ Circle Class: AM PM

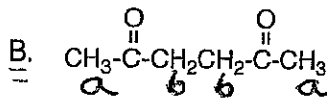
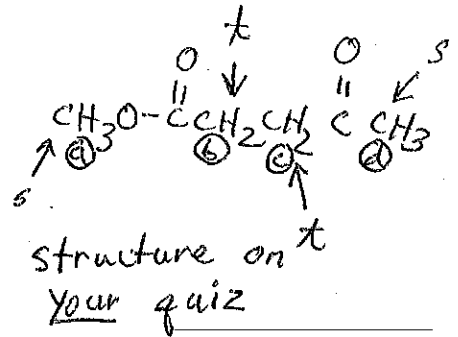
Determine the number of nonequivalent sets of protons and label each set (a, b, etc.). Predict the multiplicity of each signal (i. e., how many peaks is each signal split into) for each set of protons in the ^1H NMR of each compound.



$$H_a \Rightarrow n+1 = 0+1 \rightarrow \text{singlet}$$

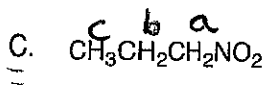
$$H_b \Rightarrow 0+1 \rightarrow \text{singlet}$$

$$H_c \Rightarrow 0+1 \rightarrow \text{singlet}$$



$$H_a \Rightarrow 0+1 \rightarrow s$$

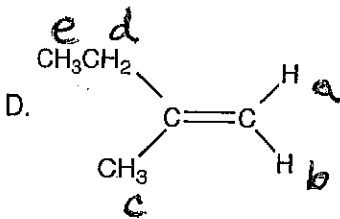
$$H_b \Rightarrow 0+1 \rightarrow s \text{ (equivalent protons do not split each other)}$$



$$H_a \Rightarrow a+1 = 2+1 \rightarrow \text{triplet}$$

$$H_b \Rightarrow (n+1)(n+1) = (3+1)(2+1) = \text{quartet triplet} \Rightarrow 12 \text{ lines}$$

$$H_c \Rightarrow n+1 = 2+1 \rightarrow \text{triplet}$$



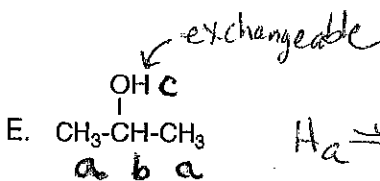
$$H_a \Rightarrow n+1 = 1+1 = \text{doublet}$$

$$H_b \Rightarrow n+1 = 1+1 = \text{doublet}$$

$$H_c \Rightarrow n+1 = 0+1 = s$$

$$H_d \Rightarrow n+1 = 3+1 = q$$

$$H_e \Rightarrow n+1 = 2+1 = t$$



$$H_a \Rightarrow n+1 = 1+1 = d$$

$$* H_b \Rightarrow n+1 = 6+1 = \text{septet}$$

$$* H_c \Rightarrow n+1 = 0+1 = \text{singlet}$$

* exchangeable (acidic) protons do Not couple with adjacent protons under "ordinary" conditions